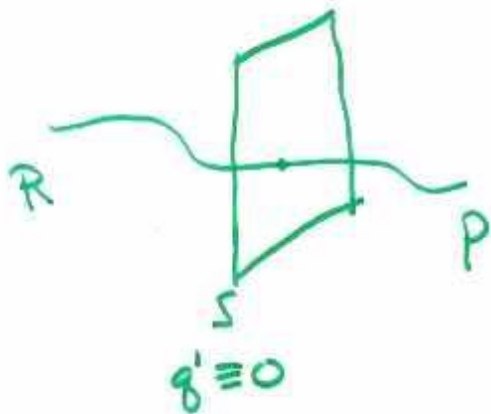


# Transition State Theory

(pp 46-48)



$$k = \int_S \dot{q}_i \chi_r e^{-\beta H} \frac{dp_i}{Qh} \prod_{i=2}^n \frac{dq_i dp_i}{h}$$

$$\rightarrow \text{TST: } \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } \dot{q}_i > 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Now let  $H$  be separable

$$H = H^0(p_i) + H^*(q_1, q_2, p_2 \dots q_n, p_n)$$

Hamilton's eqs says:  $\dot{q}_i = (\partial H^0 / \partial p_i)$

$$k_{\text{TST}} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \prod_{i=2}^n \frac{dq_i dp_i}{h} e^{-\beta H^*} \int_0^{\infty} dp_i \underbrace{\left[ \frac{\partial H^0}{\partial p_i} \right] e^{-\beta H^0}}_{-kT \left[ \frac{\partial e^{-\beta H^0}}{\partial p_i} \right]} / Qh$$

$$= \left( \frac{kT}{h} \right) \frac{1}{Q} \int \prod_{i=2}^n \frac{dp_i dq_i}{h} e^{-\beta H^*}$$

$$k_{\text{TST}} = \left[ \frac{kT}{h} \right] \left[ \frac{Q^*}{Q} \right] = \left( \frac{kT}{h} \right) e^{-\Delta G^*/kT}$$