

Chemistry 438/550: Computational Chemistry, Spring 2022

Homework #5, due 11 March

In the last homework, you looked at a study of the strength of CH–O hydrogen bonds, using the dimethyl-formamide dimer as a model system. Here, we are going back to more conventional NH–O hydrogen bonds, using the formamide dimer as our model system. As before, when the two monomers are placed “head-to-tail”, two such interactions can be made. You can get the coordinates of a plausible (but very rough – visualize it!) initial structure from `/projects/community/classes/ccb550/form_dimer.pdb` on Amarel. The file format is what is standard for the Protein Data Bank, and you should be able to extract *xyz* coordinates from this. Use your favorite visualization program to examine the structure.

The idea of this homework is much like what we did in Homework #4: you should optimize the structure of the dimer, then separately optimize the structure of a monomer. We will only use DFT as the computational model, but we will add two new computational aspects:

1. *Thermochemistry*: Use this for your route card (for both dimer and monomer):

```
# B3LYP/6-31G(d) opt freq
```

This will perform a geometry optimization, then compute normal modes and thermochemical data. Familiarize yourself with what the frequency calculation puts out. Look especially for lines that start with “sum of electronic and....”: these will contain the key numbers you will need to get dimerization thermodynamics.

2. Using the results from step #1, compute the change in electronic energy, in the binding enthalpy, and in the standard free energy, for the reaction $2A \rightarrow A_2$, where “A” is a formamide monomer. Use standard state conditions (which is what Gaussian prints out): 298.15K for temperature, 1 atm for pressure.
3. *Reaction fields*: Repeat steps 1 and 2 using the following route card to add a solvent reaction-field term. (You can find information about this option at gaussian.com/scrf.)

```
# B3LYP/6-31G(d) scrf opt freq
```

(As you can see at the Gaussian web page, the default for `scrf` is to assume that the solvent is water.)

4. Create a plain-text file, *lastname.txt*, that has the results requested above (electronic energies, enthalpies, free energies) for monomer and dimer, and the corresponding energy differences. Briefly(!) discuss the following:
 - (a) the general difference in affinity between CH–O and NH–O hydrogen bonds;
 - (b) the difference in affinities computed using just electronic energies versus those using enthalpies or free energies;
 - (c) the predicted effects of going from gas-phase to aqueous solution.
5. Hand this in via the usual mechanism:

```
cp lastname.txt /projects/community/classes/ccb550/homework5
```

(Note: the jobs requested above are not long ones, but they may take several minutes to run. Be sure to use the template in `/projects/community/classes/ccb550/g16.pbs.template` as you did in the previous homework: copy this file to your working directory, and edit it according to the instructions in the file.)